

## Exercise 98

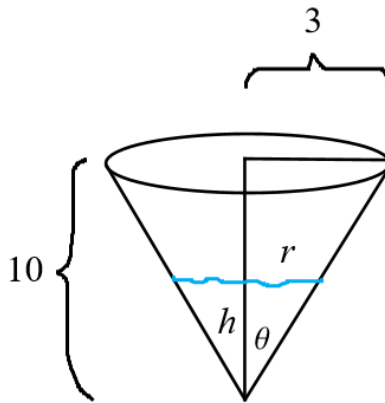
A paper cup has the shape of a cone with height 10 cm and radius 3 cm (at the top). If water is poured into the cup at a rate of  $2 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$ , how fast is the water level rising when the water is 5 cm deep?

### Solution

The water takes the shape of a cone as it pours into the cup, so its volume is

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h.$$

The aim is to find  $dh/dt$  when  $h = 5$ , so eliminate  $r$  in favor of  $h$  by using the geometry of the cup.



$$\tan \theta = \frac{r}{h} = \frac{3}{10} \quad \rightarrow \quad r = \frac{3}{10}h$$

As a result, the volume becomes

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h \\ &= \frac{1}{3}\pi \left(\frac{3}{10}h\right)^2 h \\ &= \frac{1}{3}\pi \left(\frac{9}{100}h^2\right) h \\ &= \frac{3\pi}{100}h^3. \end{aligned}$$

Differentiate both sides with respect to  $t$  by using the chain rule.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dt}(V) &= \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{3\pi}{100}h^3 \right) \\ \frac{dV}{dt} &= \frac{3\pi}{100}(3h^2) \cdot \frac{d}{dt}(h) \end{aligned}$$

Set  $dV/dt = 2$  and  $h = 5$  and solve for  $dh/dt$ .

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{9\pi}{100} h^2 \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$2 = \frac{9\pi}{100} (5)^2 \frac{dh}{dt}$$

Therefore, the rate at which the water level is rising when the water is 5 cm deep is

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{8}{9\pi} \approx 0.282942 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{s}}.$$